

## Introduction to Apache Geode (incubating)



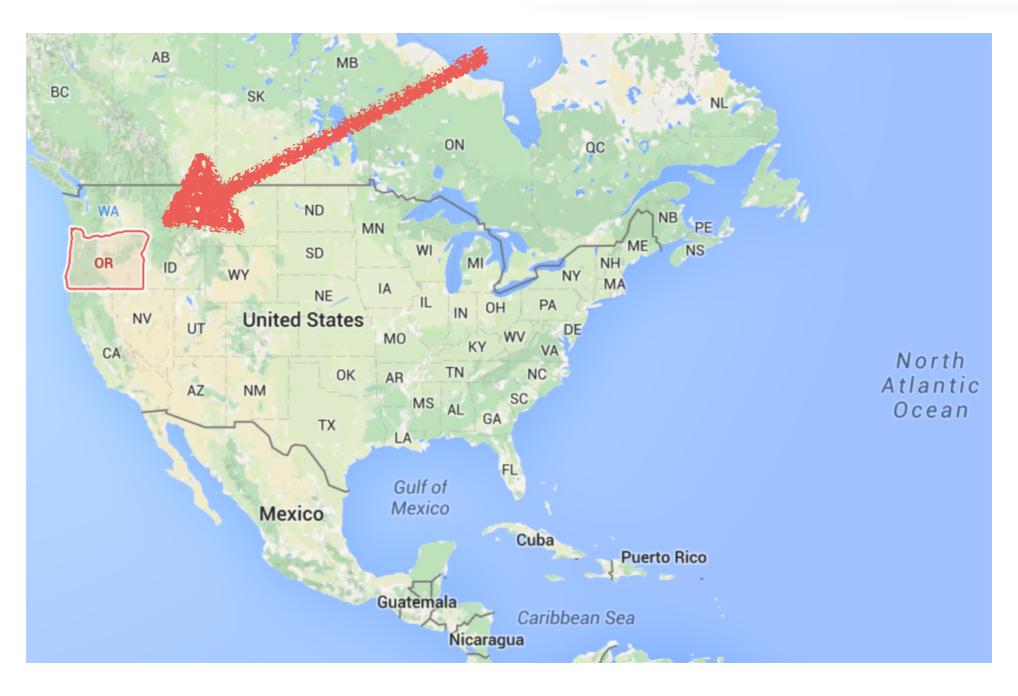




### About us

#### **Anthony Baker (@metatype)**

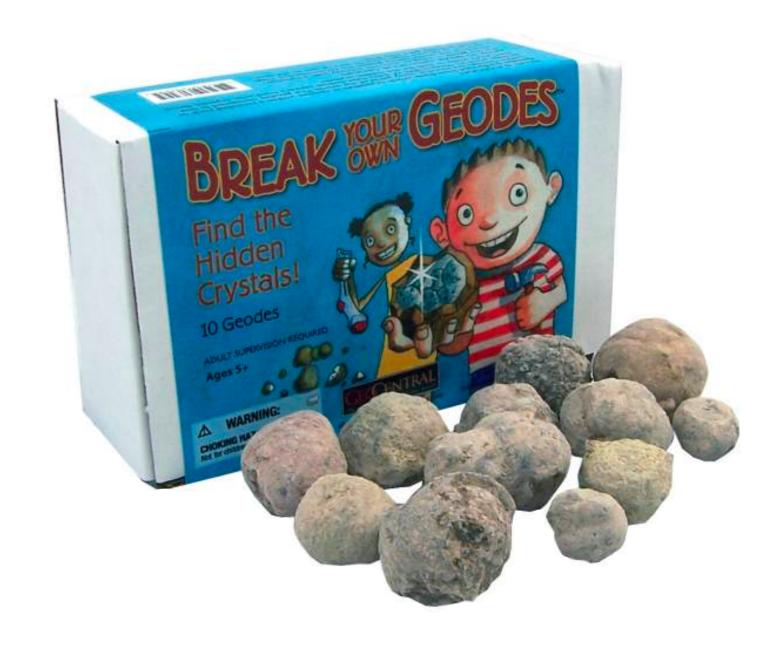
William Markito (@william\_markito)





## Agenda

- Introduction to Geode
- Geode concepts
- The Geode open source source project
- Demo = Geode + Docker







### Introduction

### Apache Geode is...

"...an in-memory, distributed database with strong consistency built to support low latency transactional applications at extreme scale."



- Massive increase in data volumes
- Falling margins per transaction
- Increasing cost of IT maintenance
- Need for elasticity in systems

- Real Time response needs
- Time to market constraints
- Need for flexible data models across enterprise
- Distributed development
- Persistence + In-memory

- Global data visibility needs
- Fast Ingest needs for data
- Need to allow devices to hook into enterprise data
- Always on

2004

2008

2014

- Financial Services
   Providers (every major
   Wall Street bank)
- Department of Defense

- Largest travel Portal
- Airlines
- Trade clearing
- Online gambling

Largest Telcos



- Large mfrers
- Largest Payroll processor
- Auto insurance giants
- Largest rail systems on earth





## China Railway Corporation

5,700 train stations 4.5 million tickets per day 20 million daily users

1.4 billion page views per day 40,000 visits per second



#### Indian Railways

7,000 stations 72,000 miles of track 23 million passengers daily **120,000 concurrent users** 10,000 transactions per minute





#### China Railway Corporation

**Population:** 1,401,586,609



Indian Railways

1,251,695,616

**World:** ~7,349,000,000

~36% of the world population



### Application patterns

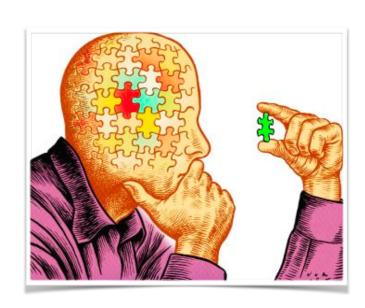
- Caching for speed and scale using read-through, write-through, and write-behind
- OLTP system of record with in-memory for speed, on disk for durability
- Parallel compute grid
- Real-time analytics





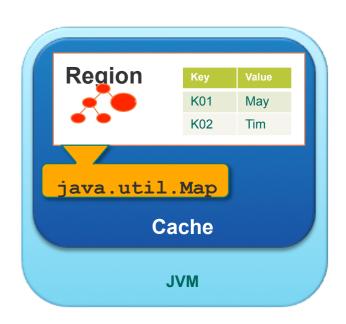
### Geode concepts and usage

- Cache
- Region
- Member
- Client Cache
- Functions
- Listeners



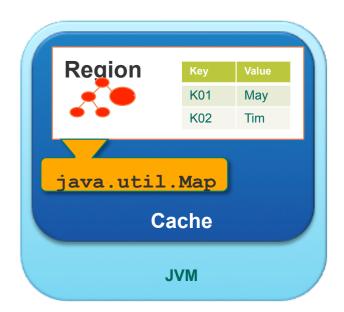


- Cache
  - In-memory storage and management for your data
  - Configurable through XML, Spring, Java API, or CLI
  - Collection of Region





- Region
  - Distributed java.util.Map on steroids (key/value)
  - Consistent API regardless of where or how data is stored
  - Observable (reactive)
  - Highly available, redundant on cache
     Member(s)
  - Querying

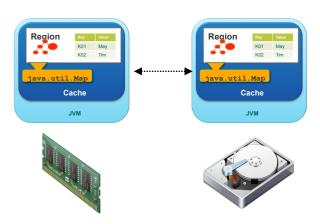








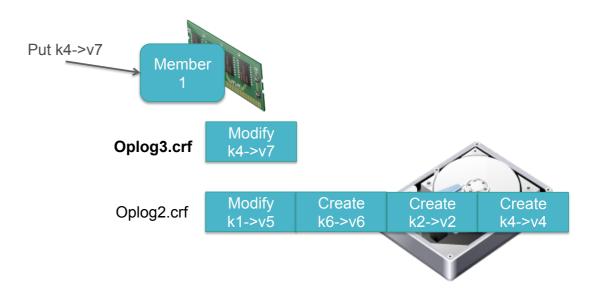
- Region
  - Local, replicated, or partitioned
  - In-memory or persistent
  - Redundant
  - LRU
  - Overflow

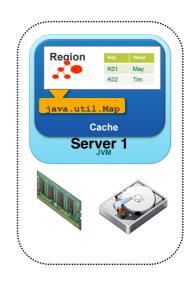


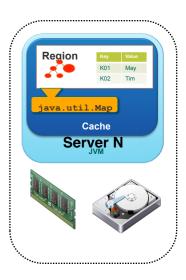
LOCAL LOCAL HEAP LRU LOCAL OVERFLOW LOCAL PERSISTENT LOCAL PERSISTENT\_OVERFLOW **PARTITION PARTITION HEAP LRU PARTITION OVERFLOW** PARTITION\_PERSISTENT PARTITION\_PERSISTENT\_OVERFLOW **PARTITION PROXY** PARTITION\_PROXY\_REDUNDANT **PARTITION REDUNDANT** PARTITION REDUNDANT HEAP LRU PARTITION REDUNDANT OVERFLOW PARTITION REDUNDANT PERSISTENT PARTITION\_REDUNDANT\_PERSISTENT\_OVERFLOW **REPLICATE** REPLICATE\_HEAP\_LRU REPLICATE OVERFLOW REPLICATE\_PERSISTENT REPLICATE\_PERSISTENT\_OVERFLOW REPLICATE PROXY



- Persistent region
  - Durability
  - WAL for efficient writes
  - Consistent recovery
  - Compaction







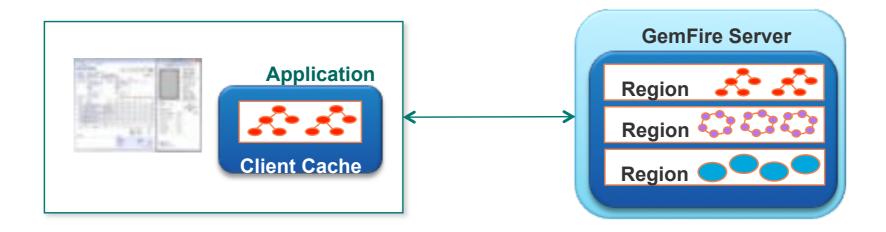


- Member
  - A process that has a connection to the cluster
  - A process that has created a cache
  - Embeddable within your application



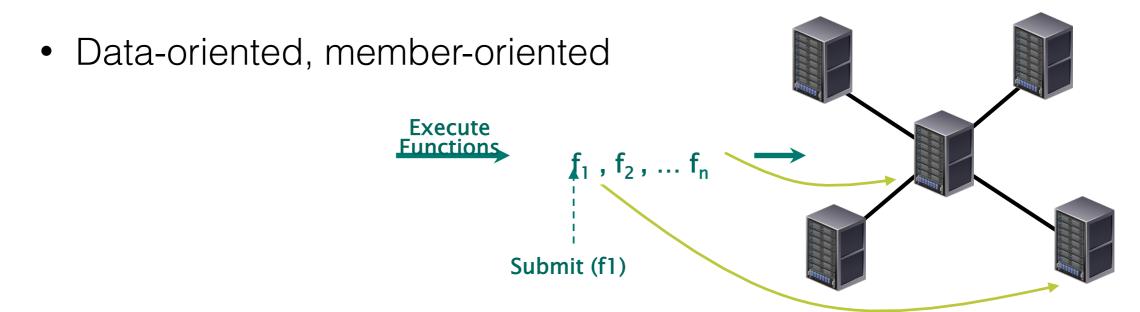


- Client cache
  - A process connected to the Geode server(s)
  - Can have a local copy of the data
  - Can be notified about events in the cluster



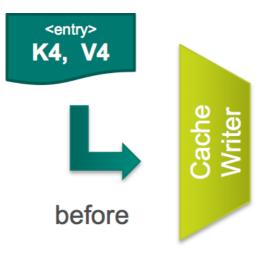


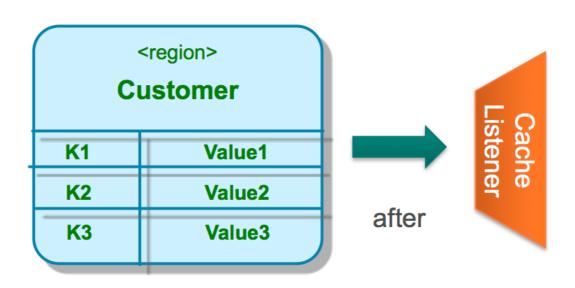
- Functions
  - Used for distributed concurrent processing (Map/Reduce, stored procedure, data parallel, ...)
  - Highly available



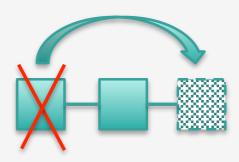


- Listeners
  - CacheWriter / CacheListener
  - AsyncEventListener (queue / batch)
    - Parallel or Serial
    - Conflation

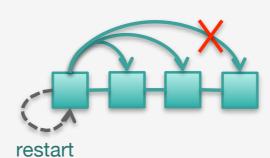




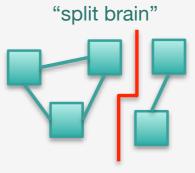




Failing data copies are replaced transparently



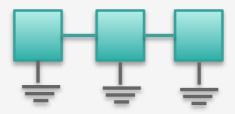
Failed function executions are restarted automatically



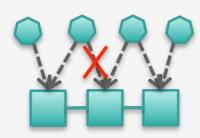
Network segmentations are identified and fixed automatically



Data is replicated to other clusters and sites (WAN)



Data is persisted on local disk for ultimate durability



Client and cluster disconnections are handled gracefully

Pivotal



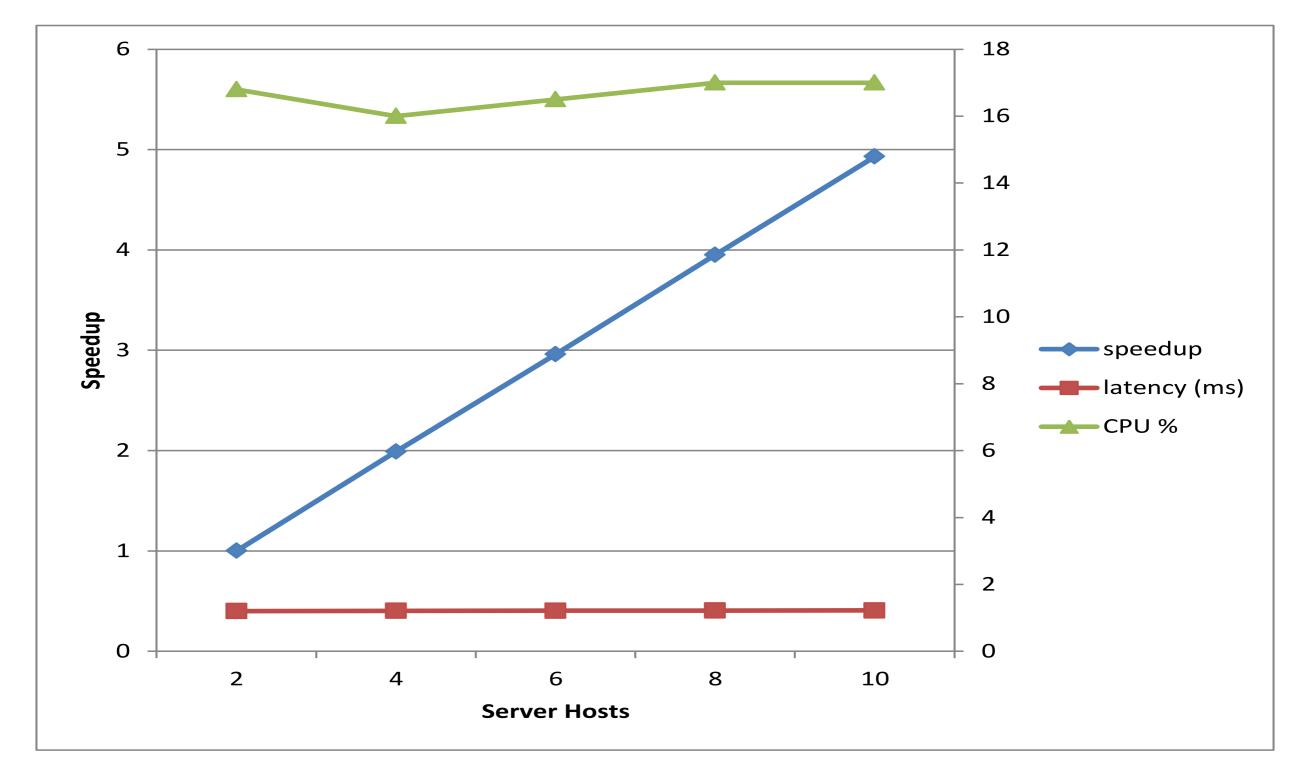
## What makes it go fast?

- Minimize copying
- Minimize contention points
- Flexible consistency model
- Partitioning and parallelism
- Avoid disk seeks
- Automated benchmarks





#### Horizontal scaling for reads, consistent latency and CPU





### Fixed or flexible schema?

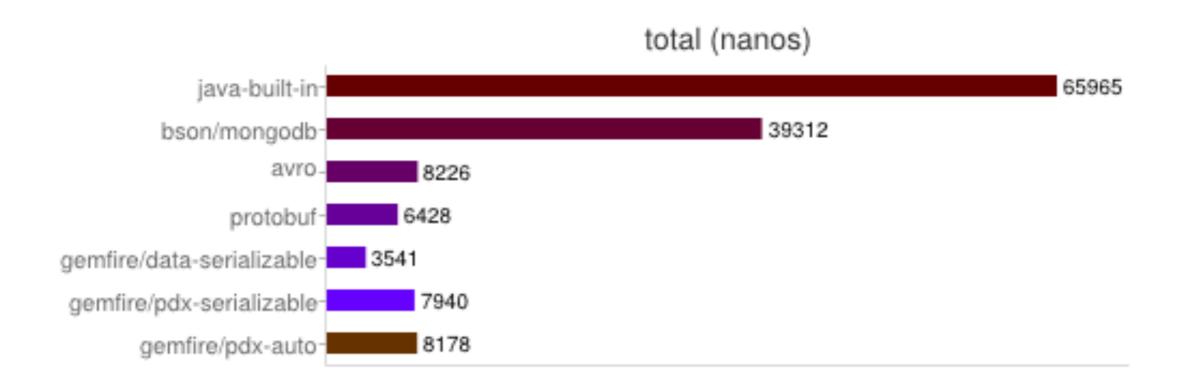
id	name	age	pet_id

Or

```
id : 1,
name : "Fred",
age : 42,
pet : {
   name : "Barney",
   type : "dino"
}
```



### But how to serialize data?





C#, C++, Java, JSON

### Portable Data eXchange

```
header | data |
pdx | length | dsid | typeid | fields | offsets |
```

No IDL, no schemas, no hand-coding

\* domain object classes not required



## Efficient for queries

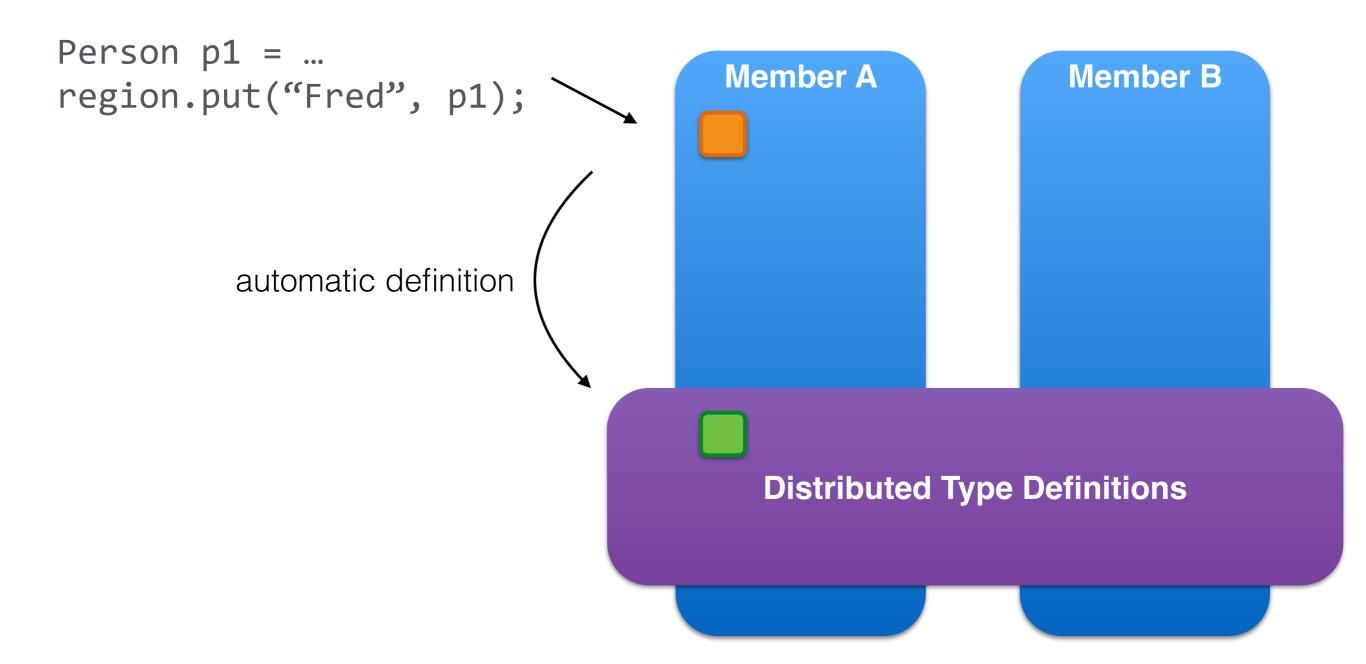
```
SELECT p.name FROM /Person p WHERE p.pet.type = "dino"
```

```
id : 1,
name : "Fred",
age : 42,
pet : {
    name : "Barney",
    type : "dino"
}
```

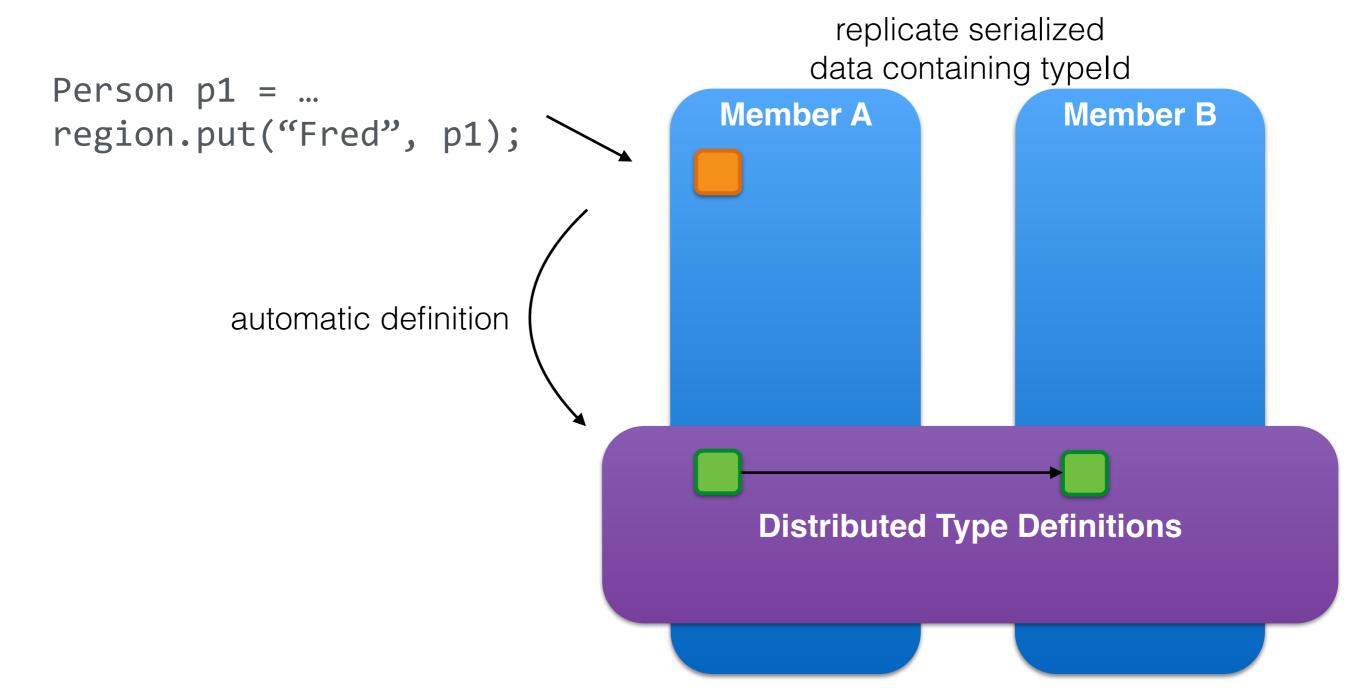


```
Person p1 = ...
                                      Member A
                                                          Member B
region.put("Fred", p1); `
                                        Distributed Type Definitions
```

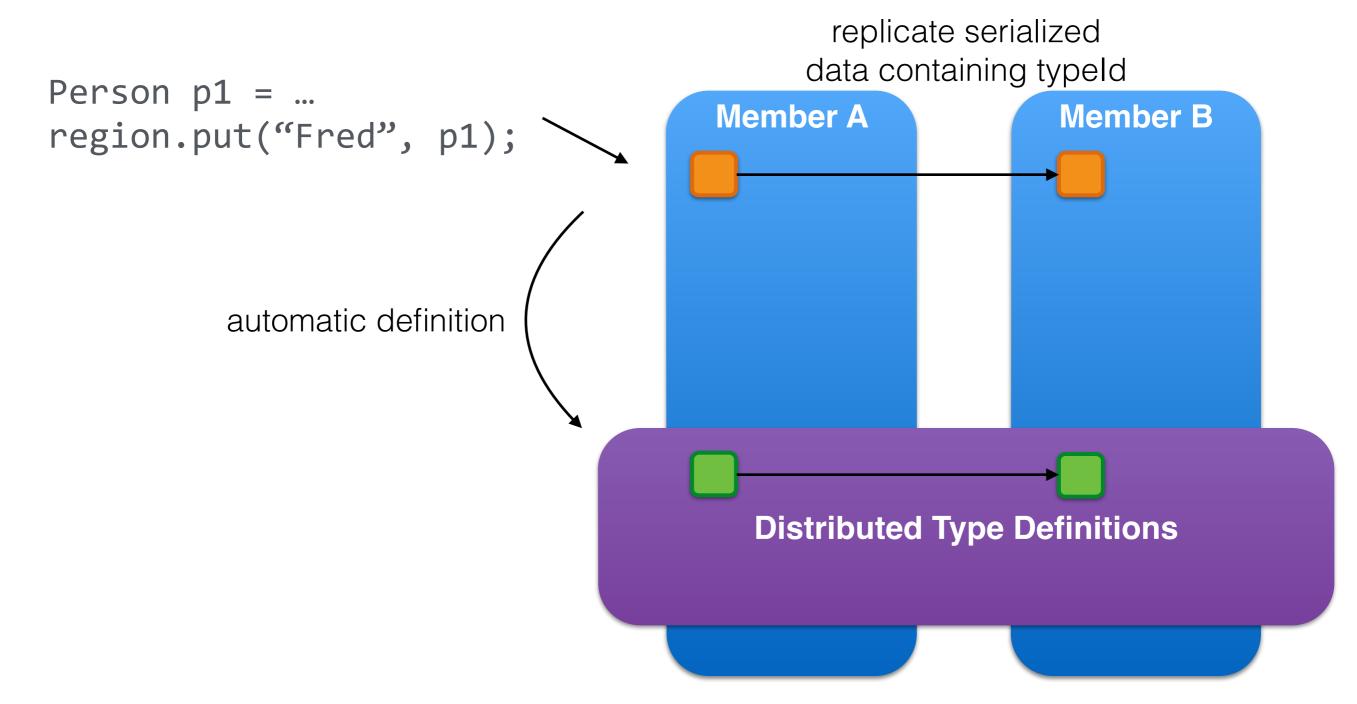






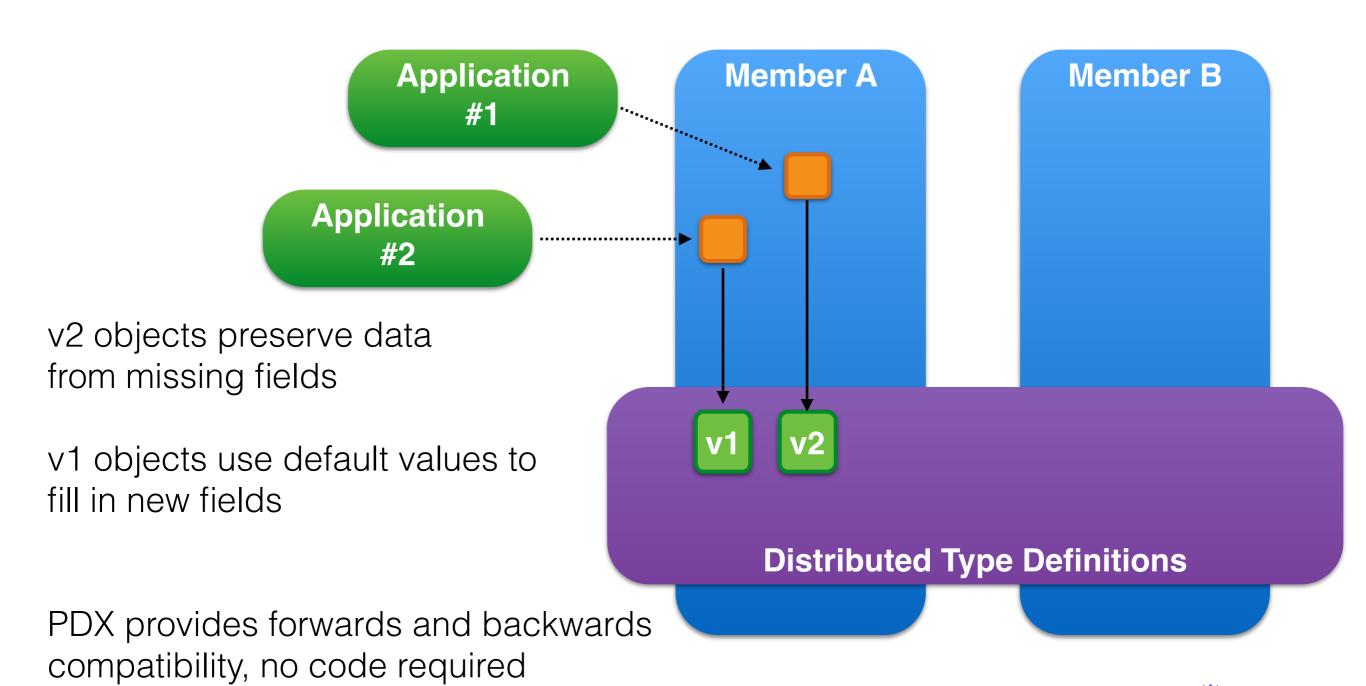








### Schema evolution



### Show me the code!



#### Clone and build:

```
git clone https://github.com/apache/incubator-geode
cd incubator-geode
./gradlew build -Dskip.tests=true
```

#### Start a cluster:

```
cd gemfire-assembly/build/install/apache-geode
./bin/gfsh
gfsh> start locator --name=locator
gfsh> start server --name=server
gfsh> create region --name=myRegion --type=REPLICATE
```





## The Geode Project

### Why OSS? Why ASF?

- Open source is fundamentally changing software buying patterns
- Customers avoid vendor lock-in and get transparency, co-development of features
- "Open source is where ecosystems are built"
- It's the community that matters
- ASF provides a framework for open source



### Some context

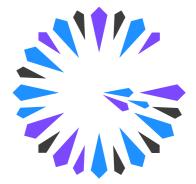
- 1M+ LOC, over a 1000 person-years invested into cutting edge R&D
- Thousands of production customers in very demanding verticals
- Cutting edge use cases that have shaped product design
- A core technology team that has stayed together since founding
- Performance differentiators baked into every aspect of the product



### Geode vs GemFire

- Geode is project supported by the OSS community
- GemFire is a product from Pivotal, based on Geode source
- We donated everything but the kitchen sink\*
- Development process follows "The Apache Way"







<sup>\*</sup> Multi-site WAN replication, continuous queries, native (C++, .NET) client





### Active development

- Off-heap memory storage
- HDFS persistence
- Lucene indexes
- Spark connector
- Transactions on distributed data







... and other ideas from the **Geode community!** 



## How to get involved

 Join the mailing lists; ask a question, answer a question, learn

#### dev@geode.incubator.apache.org user@geode.incubator.apache.org

- File a bug in JIRA
- Update the wiki, website, or docs
- Create an example application
- Use it in your project!



We need you!





## Thank you!

http://geode.incubator.apache.org
@ApacheGeode



Building a Highly-Scalable Open-Source Real-time Streaming Analytics System Using Spark SQL, Apache Geode (incubating), SpringXD and Apache Zeppelin (incubating)

Room: Tas - 15:00, Sep 29
Fred Melo, Pivotal, William Markito, Pivotal

#### Implementing a Highly Scalable In-Memory Stock Prediction System with Apache Geode (incubating), R, SparkML and Spring XD

Room: Tohotom - 14:30, Sep 30 Fred Melo, Pivotal, William Markito, Pivotal

