

A Brief History of the Cloud

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Cloud Native Computing Foundation

- Founded December 2015
- Non-profit, part of the Linux Foundation
- Initial projects are Kubernetes, donated by Google, and Prometheus, originally from SoundCloud
- Platinum members:







Non-Virtualized Servers: Sun (2000)



- Launching a new application? Buy a new server; or a rack of them!
- Building block of your application is physical servers





Virtualization: VMWare (2001)

mware[®]

- Releases for server market in 2001
- Popularizes virtual machines (VMs)
- Run many VMs on one physical machine, meaning you can buy less servers!
- Architectural building block becomes a VM





<u>laas: Aws</u> (2006)



- Amazon Web Services (AWS) creates the Infrastructure-as-a-Service market by launching Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) in 2006
- Rent servers by the hour
- Convert CapEx to OpEx
- Architectural building block is also a VM, called an Amazon Machine Image (AMI)





PaaS: Heroku (2009)

HEROKU

- Heroku popularizes Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) with their launch in 2009
 - Building block is a buildpack, which enables containerized 12-factor applications
 - The process for building the container is opaque, but:
 - Deploying new version of an app is just: git push heroku





Open Source laaS: OpenStack (2010)





Open Source PaaS: Cloud Foundry (2011)

CLOUD FOUNDRY

- Pivotal builds an open source alternative to Heroku's PaaS and launches the Cloud Foundry Foundation in late 2014
- Building block is Garden containers, which can hold Heroku buildpacks, Docker containers and even non-Linux OSes





Containers: Docker (2013)



- Docker combines LXC, Union File System and cgroups to create a containerization standard adopted by millions of developers around the world
- Fastest uptake of a developer technology ever
- Enables isolation, reuse and immutability





Cloud Native: CNCF (2015)



- Cloud native computing uses an open source software stack to:
 - segment applications into microservices,
 - packaging each part into its own container
 - and dynamically *orchestrating* those containers to optimize resource utilization





What Have We Learned?

- Core Building Block:
 - Servers → Virtual Machines → Buildpacks → Containers
- Isolation Units
 - From heavier to lighter weight, in spin-up time and size
- Immutability
 - From pets to cattle
- Provider
 - From closed source, single vendor to open source, crossvendor



- OpenShift, Huawei CCE, Deis, and Apprenda are examples of PaaS's built on top of cloud native platforms
- Many new applications start out as 12-factor apps deployable on a PaaS
 - In time they sometimes outgrow PaaS
 - And some apps never fit a PaaS model
- PaaS on top of cloud native supports both



Cloud Native Foundation Value Propositions

Isolation



Container packaged applications achieve dev/prod parity, foster code and component reuse and simplify operations

No Lock-in



Open source software stack enables deployment on any public or private cloud (or in combinations)



Unlimited Scalability



Optimized for modern distributed systems environments capable of scaling to tens of thousands of self healing multi-tenant nodes (e.g., Google starts 2 billion containers per week)



Agility and Maintainability



Are increased by splitting applications into microservices with explicitly described dependencies

Improved Efficiency and Resource Utilization



Via a central orchestrating process that dynamically manages and schedules microservices. This reduces the costs associated with maintenance and operations.







To failures of individual containers, machines, and even data centers and to varying levels of demand



CNCF?

Software Foundations in a Post-GitHub World

- No one is impressed today by a software repo, mailing list, or website
- Foundations need to offer a different set of services
- CNCF's goal is to be the best place to host cloud native software projects



Why You Should Host Your Project at CNCF

- Neutral home increases
 contributions
- Endorsement by CNCF's Technical Oversight Committee
- Priority access to \$15 million, 1000 node Community Cluster
- Engagement with End User Board
- Full-time press relation and analyst relation teams
- \$20 K per year to improve your project documentation

- Maintain your committers; just agree to unbiased process
- Full-time staff eager to assist
- World-class events team, track at CloudNativeCon/KubeCon around the world, and custom events for your project
- Worldwide meetup groups and Cloud Native Roadshows
- Inclusion in the CNCF marketing demo



CNCF Potential Projects

- Potential future project spaces:
 - Tracing (OpenTracing, OpenZipkin)
 - Messaging (NATS)
 - Stream processing (Heron)
 - Logging (Fluentd)
 - Networking (Flannel, Calico, Weave, CNI)
 - Configuration (etcd)
 - RPC proxy (linkerd)
 - Protocol buffers (GRPC)
 - Naming (CoreDNS)
 - Database (CockroachDB)
 - Storage (Minio)





Get Involved

Help Set the Direction of Cloud Native

- Participate in our hosted projects and attend our events, meetups, and roadshows
- Design your applications and services to work with a cloud native platform of orchestrated containers of microservices
- Help accelerate adoption of this significant industry trend by becoming a member of the Cloud Native Computing Foundation



CNCF Events



CloudNativeCon/KubeCon/PrometheusDay Seattle Nov 8-9, 2016

CloudNativeCon/KubeCon/PrometheusDay Europe in April 2017





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