Dual-Android[™] on Nexus 10

Samsung Research UK Presentation

for

Xen Developer Summit

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Introduction

- Feasibility: 2 copies of Android on Xen on ARM?
 - Xen on mobile performance?
 - Virtualized GPU required
- Nexus 10 device used
 - CPU: ARM Cortex A15 (x2)
 - o GPU: ARM Mali T604
 - Memory available: 2GB RAM, plenty of Flash
 - o Screen resolution: 2560x1504



Configuration

Software configuration – 2 VMs only

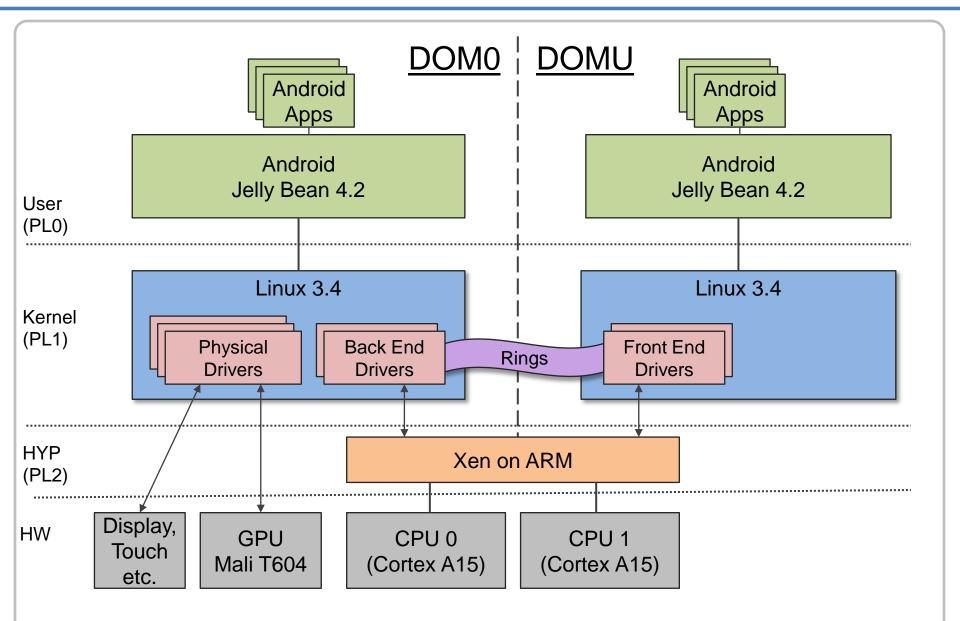
- o DOM0 = 1st Android
- DOMU = 2nd Android
- o Linux 3.4
- o Android Jelly Bean 4.2

Xen 4.2 for ARM

- Builds on Xen on ARM for Cortex A9 work in Samsung
- Parallel development in Samsung HQ to community

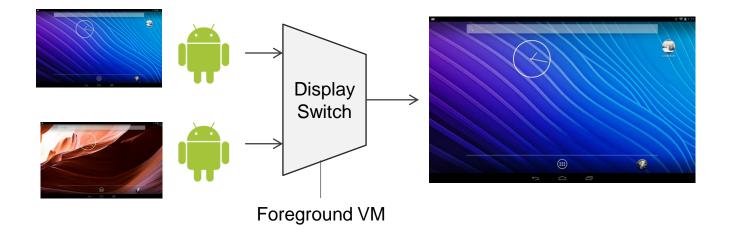
	Xen	DOM0 kernel	DOMU kernel
Memory		1GB RAM	1GB RAM
SMP	Dual-core	Dual-core	Single-core
I/O		Pass through	PV Drivers

Xen PVH Architecture



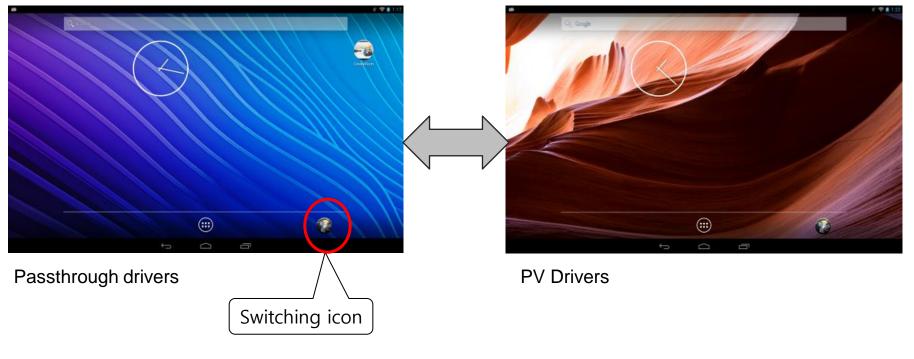
Mobile Virtualization

- I/O Challenges Mobiles have ~50 device drivers
 - o Sensors: Touch, gyro, proximity, ambient light
 - o Media: Display, GPU, Camera, Audio, Video
 - Connectivity: Charger, USB, WiFi, Bluetooth
- User Switching
 - Xen scheduler runs as normal.
 - "Foreground" VM user devices require arbitration driver in DOM0
 - Display
 - Touch



Video

- Demo video
 - Switching between Android \rightarrow Icon or Volume key
 - Angry Birds in DOMU \rightarrow Near-native performance of PV drivers
 - Angry Birds in DOM0 and DOMU concurrently \rightarrow Two independent Android
 - o 3D Benchmark clip

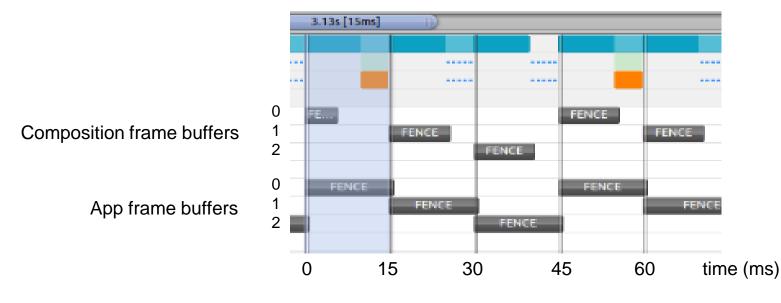


DOM0 – Blue Wallpaper

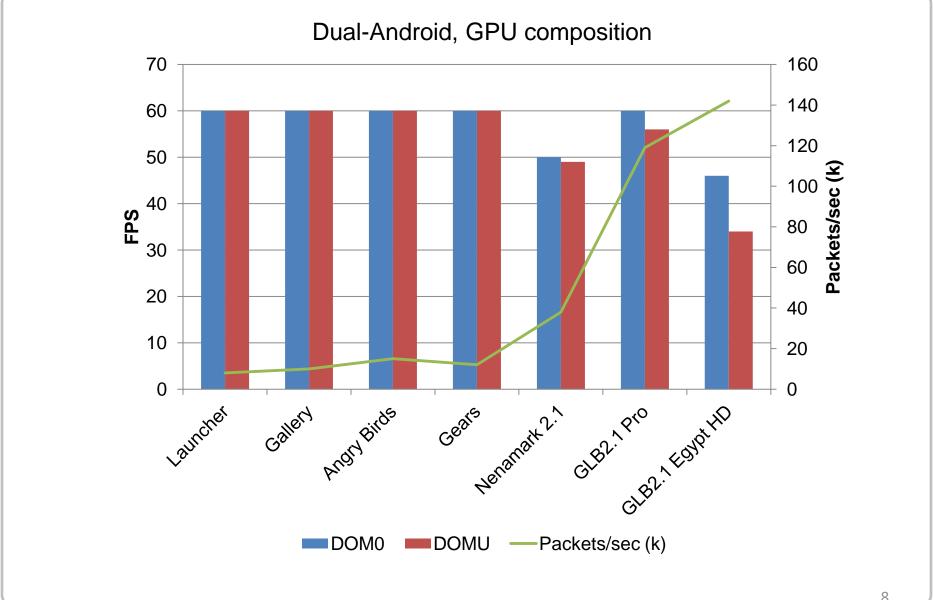
DOMU – Orange Wallpaper

Near-Native Performance Challenges

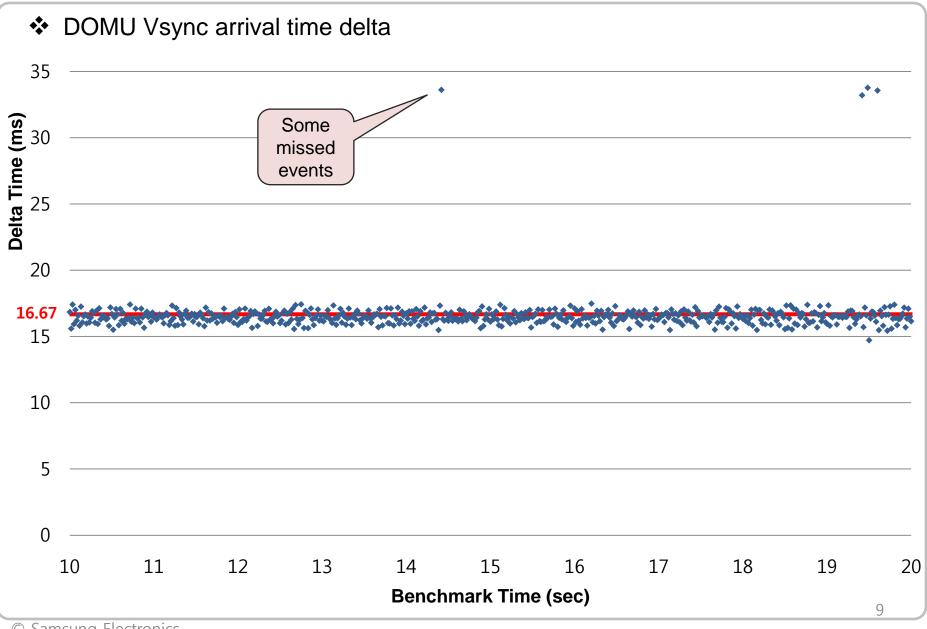
- ✤ 60 frames per second = 16.6ms per frame
 - GPU renders each surface \rightarrow GPU composes the surfaces \rightarrow frame
- Virtualized graphics options
 - API Remoting done above GPU driver for *chipset portability*
- Android JB has "butter smooth" technology
 - Triple buffering
 - Needs reliable Vsync interrupt \rightarrow Xen event channel stressed
 - Deferred waiting using sync points & fences



Results



Event Channel Under Stress



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Xen For Mobile

- Multi-page ring
 - Needed for throughput performance running benchmarks
 - o Ensure low-latency
- Non-linear grant references
 - Old grants are re-used. PV drivers assume linearity
- RAM Allocation limit 512MB
 - Buddy allocator is unable to allocate contiguous chunk of memory from the Domheap memory
- Per-VM interrupts unreliable when stressed
 - $\circ~$ Must ensure Vsync is received in DOMU with minimal latency
- Contribution to community
 - Samsung will work to share Xen changes with community
 - Some code is proprietary

Conclusion

Two Android can run with near-native graphics performance

- Xen runs well on mobile devices
- Using PV drivers, no major changes to Xen architecture required

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